

Facilité Globale d'Assistance Technique (TAF) de l'UE pour l'énergie durable EU Global Technical Assistance Facility (TAF) for sustainable energy



# GT126: AREI

Session 1:Regulation of renewable energies

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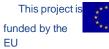






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#### The prerequisites for opening up a market to competition

As a general rule, the Electricity Act and secondary legislation should, among other things, include the following key provisions (principles, regulations and guidelines) with a view to establishing efficient, transparent and competitive RE tenders with clear and transparent technical, commercial and legal frameworks.

1. Separation of sector (at least accounting separation), and setting up an independent and neutral TSO

2. Opening up the sector to new players, including eligible customers, and ensuring that monopolies are not abused. natural

3. Pricing principles and structure tariff methodology reflecting transport and access costs

> Guarantee of non-4. discriminatory third-party access to the network

Autorité de régulation indépendante avec un pouvoir et des moyens pour promouvoir et protéger la concurrence

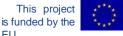


5. Clear and transparent procedures, conditions and deadlines for granting operating licences

6. Transparent planning process for the transport

7. Clear and transparent framework for resolving complaints and disputes

8. Network code, in accordance with the regional network code, and specific technical rules for variable RE



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# Factors influencing the promotion of renewable energies

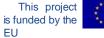
Outlook	Strategic Objectives		
Technical aspects	Integration studies	Strengthening transmission and distribution networks (and interconnections)	Minimum technical rules for integrating variable renewable energies into the grid
Policy and planning aspects	Clear policy with targets for the percentage of renewable energy in the energy mix, and the gradual introduction of eligible customers	Clear and transparent framework and procedures for granting permits, with a simplified framework in rural areas to promote renewable	Priority for injecting variable renewable generation into the transmission or distribution network over other sources
Financial and legal aspects	Support for renewable energy projects (equipment grants, compensation, etc.)	energies Bankable purchase contracts (with guarantees for and measures mitigation)	Clear and transparent framework for handling disputes





#### Factors for integrating renewable energies into networks

Quality of the energy injected	Use of equipment (inverters, transformers, etc.) to maintain network integrity (frequency, harmonics, etc.)	
Specific connection procedures	Regulations defining the conditions for connecting renewable energy projects and their performance	Necessary elements for appropriate planning of the
Obligations of the Network Operator	Obligations to ensure the connection of renewable energies vary in terms of infrastructure construction, performance, costs and connection times.	electricity system and proper integration of renewable energy
Injection of the energy produced	Production forecasts, recovery of energy not injected	sources







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#### **Regulation of variable RE**

# Priority access to network

- Definition of the rules governing the allocation of network access priority
- Particularly important when network capacity is limited.

# **Fluctuations**

- Rules designed to balance fluctuations in the electricity system caused by renewable energies (balancing market).
- Ensure the creation of a appropriate spinning reserve.

### Strategy

- Establish a clear and comprehensive strategy for integrating variable RE production.
- Establish market rules, including regional interconnections (regional network code requirements).



# Connection procedures

- Approval and publication of the network code.
- Definition of connection parameters and standards.

## **TSO obligations**

- Obligation and priority of connection (except for justified technical reasons)
- Technical requirements for connection.
- Counting methodology.

## Consultations

- Opinions on draft legislation and regulations.
- Promoting the benefits of renewable energy





# The impact

Energy regulation renewable

Ensuring market transparency, fairness and efficiency

Encouraging private investment in renewable energy and increasing the sector's capacity

Offering consumers a quality service at the best price





# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

